General Knowledge on Komrem Society of Manipur (NEI)

This small book is a collection on the various aspects of Komrem society in India. It is expected that the book will serve the interest of many students and general readers. Due to inadequate information, proper treatment can not be given to many aspects,

I am grateful to my father S. Mangte who is a constant source of inspirations and to my friend K. Jenny for her help and the 'Interlink, a bimonthly Newsletter of Komrem Student Union, Delhi' for all the valuable information. A suggestion for further improvement of the book is most welcomed.

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Introduction

The Country of Komrem is marked by hills and plains where there is the pleasure of leading both plain and hill life. The Komrem comprises of Aimol, Chiru, Koireng, Kom and Purum who are recognized by the Government as scheduled Tribe. They are racially closed to mongoloid stock of the Tibeto-Burman speaking family. Their forefathers claimed that they emerged out from the mythical cave which was guarded by a Tiger. The Komrem genesis is traced from this cave incident. The culture and tradition exhibited by these five tribes are common and similar.

Komrems are found in the states of Manipur, Assam, Tripura, etc. Major chunk of their population are found in Manipur, occupying the buffer areas between the hills and plains of the state. They are present in almost all the districts.

Profile:

Communities : Aimol, Chiru, Koireng, Kom and Purum

States : Manipur, Assam, Tripura

Dialects : Aimol, Chiru, Koireng, Kom, Purum, Manipuri and English

Villages : 90

Religion : Christianity
Population : Approx. 40000

Economy : Primary (Jhum, Wet cultivation)

Polity : Tradition based (hereditary chieftainship)

Social Organization

The Komrem are patrilineal society where descent is traced through the male line. Authority in the family is exercised by the eldest male. They have many clans and sub-clans who traced their origin from the cave. Matrilateral cross cousin marriage is very common among them. Some clans belief in the totemic objects. The Leivon, Karong, Chaithu are such examples. The Komrem bury

their dead, followed by many rites. Dressing of ancestor's skulls is a unique custom of the Komrem. It involves an elaborate procedure.

Komrems have many festivals associated with their economic, political and religious activities. They are: Sather kuhmei, Nailom, Muchi mathlak, etc. Komrems have adopted Christianity as a true religion. Their ancestors were followers of animism and naturism. Magic was a common profession among them in olden days.

Komrem Origin and Folktales

- 1. Who coined the term Komrem and when?
 - The Chief of Dolang Chiru village in 1958.
- 2. What was the name of the first Village of Komrem? -Chungkhophai.
- 3. The word Komrem comes from where?
 - -It comes from lukakom
- 4. What is the original name of pasepon?
 - -The original name is Ponthe (Thepon)
- 5. Lanu Clan belongs to which tribe?
 - -Aimol
- 6. Lunglai clan belongs to which tribe?
 - -Koireng
- 7. Sampar clans belong to which tribe?
 - -Chiru
- 8. Vainel clan is from which tribe?
 - -Purum
- 9. Who was Saichepa?
 - He was the man who killed the tiger.
- 10. What does Karong clan signify?
 - Karong means expert in waylaying or making friendship with the tiger.
- 11. Who made Pasepon?
 - -Pi Chongnu made the pasepon.
- 12. Who was Ngambom's sweetheart?
 - -It was Pi Jortling.
- 13. Who were the Manmasis?
 - -They were the ancestors of Komrem who inhabited the moon.
- 14. What were the names of the three powerful gods followed by our ancestors?
 - -Rampu, Okpa and Sentai.
- 15. Name the legendary magician of Komrem folktales?
 - -Pu. Rengam
- 16. Who were Puhring and pudams?

- -They were the great ancestors of Komrems who excaped from the moon along with their families to earth by their Rotrakong (Spacecraft).
- 17. What is Rotrakong?
 - -It is the name of the flying saucer owned by Puhring and Pudam.
- 18. Name the two brothers who rescued a beautiful girl?
 - -Phothir and Hrangche.
- 19. Who was Rengchonghoi's boyfriend?
 - -He was Mathlumtepa.
- 20. Name the handsome boyfriend of Chunnei?
 - -He was Jorpher.
- 21. Who was Kharbompu?
 - -He was a forest beast.
- 22. What is Khori?
 - -It is a witch.
- 23. Who was Warlong?
 - -He was a brave huner adored by his faithful dogs and killed by a warhog while undertaking a hunt for his wicked witch wife. And his dogs were called kahne.

Famous Wars in Komrem:

- 1. What was Dondo-re?
 - -They were people with no joints and limbs.
- 2. What is Janpa-re?
 - -The war fought by the Japanese.
- 3. What is Saneireng-re?
 - -They are dwarf people who can be trapped easily.
- 4. What is Mineo-re?
 - -In this war killing took place only at night.
- 5. What is Akamhao-re?
 - -The war fought between the Komrem and the Tiddim tribes.
- 6. What do you know about Kurang village?
 - -It is also called Thaitlang where the entire population of this Komrem village was killed by the Sukte or present Guite.

New Names

- 1. What is the new name of Uibok?
 - -Songpher
- 2. What is the old name of Lamdangmei?
 - -Lungdo.
- 3. What is the old name of Sagang?

- -Sakang.
- 4. What is the old name of Saikul?
 - -Saikur.

Months in Komrem

- 1. What are Mhurva, Jingpui, Erthla?
 - -July, August and October.
- 2. What is Tebe, Mavi, Matai, Martun?
 - -January, February, March, April.

Dances in Komrem

What is Khurlam?

- It is the famous cave dance of the Komrem depicting the killing of the tiger and their successful journey.

Name two popular dances of Komrem?

- Vaikhonglam (Athekpi) and Lomlam.

What is Lenkhom Lam?- In this dance, during social gathering boys and girls dance together.

Customs and Festivals:

What is Reiju?

-The wine made by the women from flower.

What is seju-in-le Lomlam?

-It is a cattle and wine festival.

What is Jutluk?

-The wineserved by the rich peope.

What is nimju?

-The wine made from maize andgrain.

What is berphun?

-It is an object hung on a pole by the rich for shooting event.

What is som-karek?

-It is a custom for the boys to spend the nights together at alternate household everyday.

What is nuchan?

-It means share of the bride's mother to be paid by the boy's family.

What is Puhrang?

-It is a bride price offered to the grand maternal uncle of the girl.

What is Sakong le Sadar?

-t is an offering made to the maternal uncle.

What is serjor?

-It means one's sisters related by blood or clan.

Who are the sakamaks?

-They are the son-in-laws.

What is lukasun?

-It is a custom of washing and dressing of the ancestors skulls.

What is Thenlo?

-It is the food prepared for the death ancestors.

What is Derpui?

-It is a red coloured garment used to wrap the dead body.

What is Naite-so?

-It is a custom of exposing the newly born child to others.

What is Nailom?

- -It is thecelebration of a newly born child.
 - **Chinglhei** It is a jhum cultivation.
 - Muchi Mathlak-It is a sowing festival
 - Khongpuithluk-Celebration of completion of making a drum.
 - **Sade**-Festival marked with wine and meat.
 - **Reiju-in**: Menfolk are served with wine by the women when given flowers.
 - Se ju- The boys bring cattle and the girls prepare wine and dine together for three days.
 - Nimju- Wine prepared from corns.

Magical Terms

1. What is Vokhlim doi?

-Offering of pig's meat to the deity for benevolent returns.

2. What is thlasan Doi?

-It is a magical rite associated with predicting events.

3. What is khengsum doi?

-It is to trap the soul of a man in a makeshift hole.

4. What is Marilim Manson?

-In this magic, an image of a snake is molded out of clay and thrown into the river to cure illnesses associated with snakes.

5. What is Tuipui doi?

-To cure illness due to contact with water.

Traditional Dresses

1. Har 7. Hesang 13. Arakong

2. Kutkhi 8. Kongpui-cap 14. Arkoi

3. Mathli 9. Dumdepui 15. Sakhi hapui

4. Kordang10. Perang hme16. Humpui ha, amatin5. Pherpum11. Vakurkoi17. Hmuvanlai Hme

6. Vahme 12. Repuiikadang. 18. Jaksher Saikor

Komrem Personalities

1. Who is the first KR-Union President?

-Pu. Teba Karong

2. Who was Pu. Bounghlut Telien?

-He was the brave and gallant son of Komrem who led them in many wars. He was killed by Thingsats with poisoned arrow.

3. Who was Pu Sompa?

-The gifted politician and beloved master of many. He was thrice the president of Komrem Union He is the Father of modern Komrem polity and neutrality.

4. Who is Pu Alar Thoitak?

-He is a politician and social worker and also the former president of Chiru tribe union.

5. Who was Pu Longkhobel Karong?

-He was the first Komrem to accept Christianity and the pioneer of hill missionary movement in Manipur.

6. Who is Hensei Telien?

-He was the former secretary of KR Union.

7. Where is the Head quarter of KR Union?

-At present in Palace Gate, Imphal.

8. Whose policy is neutrality from Komrems?

-Pu M.S. Sompa.

9. Who is K. John?

-He was the Chief of Saikul Village.

10. Who is Pu K. Lakhopao?

-He is the former president of Komrem Union and former Gen. Secy. of Manipur Congress Party

Komrem Baptist Churches Association

• When was KRBCS founded?

-It was founded in 1952.

Who was the first Executive head of KRBCA?

-Pu. Sonkhosei Karong.

Where is the HQ of KRBCA?

-KRBCA Complex, Langol, Imphal.

Who was Pu Romeo Serto?

-He was one of the pioneers of Christianity among the Komrem and the first to finish B.D and M.Th.

Who was Pu Sumkholen Serto?

-He is the father of modern KRBCA and the first matriculate, G.Th & Reverend.

• Who was Pu Zampi Chiru?

-He was the former Executive head of KRBCA.

• Who was Pu Seksel Koireng?

-He was the former Executive head of KRBCA and an active member of KRBCA's Secretariat building project.

Who was Pu Thadai?

-He was the former Executive head of KRBCA

Where is the KRBCA Complex?

-KRBCA Complex, Tarung, Imphal-795004

Books and Authors

• Who is Pu K. Sonjachung?

-He is the author of Komrem Thlut.

Who is Pu Serkhopao?

-He is the author of Hmathlir, Lungdaizen, The Komrem of Manipur (NEI) and many others.

Who is Pu Benjamin?

-The first to finish M.Phil and the author of the Komrem people.

• Who is Pu Pakhup Lupheng?

-He is the author of Komrem Christian Hlather and Tenlai Jornu.

Who is Pi Awei Telien?

-She is the author of Hringkho Omchen.

• Who is Pu Mangpu Karong?

-He is the author of Culture and Language of Kom.

• Who is Pu Henneichung Leivon?

-He is the author of Komrem Thlut leh Khang.

Who is Pu Ngamsokhup Serto?

-He is the author of Rengam Thuhming.

Household Items

What is Rathi?

-It is an artifact made of bamboo for keeping clothes.

• What is Bor?

-It is a tray made of bamboo.

What is Hlongkhai?

- -It is an artifact made of bamboo for carrying foods.
- What is Sahre?
 - -It is a wooden bar (Piston) used for crushing grain (chaff).
- What is Khotlei le Makhe?
 - -They are kitchen equipments made of bamboo and used for serving food and curry.
- What is Karap?
 - -It is a place where fresh meats are dried in the hearth.

Birds and Animals

Ulengnu: It is a seasonal bird singing at the time of sunset.

Chi phon phon : It is a small insect found in the sand surrounding the house. Children play with

it.

Rengchangnu: It is a small bird fond of singing at noon.

Facts about Komrems

• The biggest KR village

Smallest KR village

• The first KR village to receive Christianity

• The first Matriculate among KR

• The first B.A. among Komrem

• The first M.A. among Komrem

• The first M. Phil among Komrem

• The first S.T. M. among Komrem

The first I.A.S.

The first IPS

The first IES

• The first M.E

The first MBBS

The first Advocate

• The first AI school

• The First Headmaster

• The first to visit foreign country

• The first State Minister

• The first Christian

• The first to publish booking Komrem dialect

The fist to become MLA

The first venue where Students' Conference was held

• The first Christian fellowship

• The first military zamindar

• The first to finish M. Sc Life Science integrated from J.N. U

• The Gold Medalist in English from NEHU

• The first to receive computer degree (Diploma)

The first Income tax officer

: Sagang Khopui.

: Teraphai

: Makokching.

: Sumkholen Serto.

: Sonneithang Karong

: Paokhup Telien

: Benjamin Leivon

: Asong Mangte.

: Sonchungam Yatak.

: Kailun Lupheng.

: Lunneithang Mangte

: Ahmun Siallo

: Buipa Telien (Dr. T.R. Kom)

: Songboi Serto.

: Lenjamang Karong

: Sonneithang Karong

: Teba Karong

: Teba karong

: Longkhobel Karong

: Teba Karong

: Sonkhothang Karong

: Saikul

: Senpangjar Village

: Pakhup Mangte

: K. Jenny Hmangte.

: Thangkim Serto.

: Hegin Karong

: Kailen Lupheng

The first to enter IIT

• The first to get foreign citizenship : Neikhokim Karong

Women

• The first lady to visit foreign country : Ngahkhokim Karong.

• The first woman to receive matriculation : Darnu Telien.

• The first woman to finish M.A : Thangkim Serto.

• The first woman to finishB.Com : Boichong Telien

• The first woman to finish B.A. : Apon Telien

The first woman MBBS : Pi (Late) Alphina Serto.

Did You Know?

Alun Karong: The greatest comedian

Toton Telien : A man who can drink 5 Ltrs of water at a time.

Sagang: The biggest KR Village

Mr. K.Khupmarvanrengghakminthang(S/o K. James, Saikul): The longest name.

Komrem Movies

Komrem Jornu: Directed by Kamlun Telien

Hringkho Hlamro: Directed by Pu Mathew Karong

Education

Late Pi Alphina Serto Miss Teneichong Telien: 5th Position in HSLC

: 12th Position in HSLC

National Awards

Pu Sonlien Karong: For excellence in Social Service for the handicapped in 1979. He was

also associated with All India Radio as Sr. Composer. He was the founder

: Khupsong Koireng

and first principal of Ideal Blind School, Imphal.

Pi K. Ngahkhokim : National Award in Social Service.

National Players

Pu Jacob karong : Football(BSF)

• Pi Thoimurei Chiru : Football

• Pu Wangkhupler Kom : Football(Mohan Began)

• Pu Nando Purum : Football

• M.C. Mary Kom : Boxing (Five times world Champion)

Hmangte Parneichong : Claimed 3gold medals, Youth Asion Weight lifting

championship, Jordan, 2007.

Republic Day Participation:

- Aimol Dance Party at New Delhi in 1977
- Khoirentak Dance Party at Delhi in 1985.

Popular Singers

Pi. Ester Serto
Pi. Bobby Zaite
Love Songs
Love Songs

• Pi. Chongjalhing Mangte : Gospel Songs

• Pu. Thangboi Serto : Gospel

• Pu. Hemte Leivon : Love songs

• Pu. Biren Mangte : Gospel

• Pu. Sarat : Gospel and Kom Classical

• Pi. Songkhupjang : Gospel

Komrem Associations and Organizations

- Komrem Baptist Churches Association
- Komrem Union (NEI)
- Komrem Students Union, Manipur
- Komrem Students Union, Delhi
- Komrem Christian Fellowship, Delhi
- Komrem Christian Fellowship, Shillong
- Komrem Christian Fellowship, Bangalore
- Chiru Tribe Union
- Aimol Tribe Students Union, Manipur
- Koireng Youth Organization, Manipur

Journals

Tlangva-Manipur

Hmeivar-ManipurInterlink-DelhiFounded by Pu. S. SertoFounded by Pu. M. T. Kom

Chongsem-Manipur : Aimol

The Voice-Shillong : Tongsem-Imphal :

Inthopuina ther-Manipur: Late D. Chunglenhao

The Awakening-Delhi : KRCFD : Bangalore

Musical Instruments

• Rosem : A musical instrument made of bamboo to produce different sounds

on blowing the pipes attached tightly with the main body.

• Serangdar : It is a small drum

• Seraki : It is mainly the dried horn of yak (Setak raki in kom)

• Shum : It is a big gong

• Dar : It is a small drum

• Khong : Drum

Sumkotban

• Bunglir : Flute

• Sabupeng, Bingboi, Sumpui

Khongthei : A small drum made of wood.

Traditional Shawls

Ponthe (Pase pon) Ponrabu Lasenpon

Ponkokhoi Rengnu Amm Heapon

Khamtang Kharam Derpui

Chisubu Pondum Kahnik

Mukhamjar Aamte Ponn Tingsei

- 1. What does the intricate pattern in the shawl, Pasepon depict?
 - -It depicts the pattern found in the Python's skin.
- 2. Who was Pi. Seitinnei?
 - -She was a friend of Pi Chongnu, who took over the charge of weaving after Pi Chongnu's death.
- 3. Who was the witness to the weaving events, as found in Komrem folktales?
 - -The crabman

Old Villages Established by Ancestors of Komrem

| Khothutpui | Khojepui | Khovaibe | Khodungsei | Kholingkun |
|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|------------|
| Kholamdar | Haotak | Hmongtung | Keirap | Kharam |
| Khoirentak | Lutar(Litan) | Mantak, | Maibung | Ngairong |
| Phaileng | Purum Kholen | Sagang | Songpher | Thaitlang |
| Thajong | Thikhup | Thinglongkai | Tongkai etc. | |

Clans in Komrem

| <u>Aimol</u> | <u>Chiru</u> | Koireng | Kom | Purum |
|-----------------|--------------|----------------|------------|--------------|
| Chaithu(Karong) | Dalla | Lunglai | Karong | Bapui |

| Chongom | Dingthoi | Songthu | Serto | Songthu |
|--------------|------------------|---------------|------------|----------|
| Laita | Raja (Mangte) | Zaite | Mangte | Mirem |
| Lanu | Shampar (Karong) | Wanbe | Leivon | Vainel |
| Leivon | | tumtin | Lupheng | Khengte |
| Mangte Laita | | Tainte Telien | (Thingpui) | Tuikhang |
| Serto Lanu | | Toltung | Luphobo | Karong |
| | | Leiser | Saichepa | Leivon |
| •••• | ••••• | Rambol | Thlangompa | |

Komrem

Mhongtung Kom : Those settled in the Tamenglong areas.

Sak ram Komrem : They settled in Saikul and adjoining areas.

Thlangram Komrem: They settled in the adjoining areas of Sagang.

Pallel Komrem : They settled in Chingnunghut and adjoining areas

Lamdangmei Areas : Chirus are the dominant komrem in this area.

Centre Area : Komrem villages in the vicinity of Nungsai Chiru.

Farthest and the Nearest

The farthest village of Komrem from Imphal : Lamdangmei

The Nearest village of Komrem from Imphal : Kangchup Chiru

Important Events

Biennial Fellowship of Komrem was held every 2 years.

Students' Conference of KRSUM: Every 3 Years

Leadership Training: Under KRBCA

Komrem Union election: Every 5th Years.

Gospel Youth Olympic: Incepted since 2012, January at Tonsen.

Some Old and New Languages

| Old | New | Old | New |
|---------------|---------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Thlunglu | Lu | Kajo-kajopa | Pa-kapa |
| Chunnu-kachun | Nu-Kanu | Toi-katoi-toidong | Kanai khangdonghei |
| Thai | Kathai | Nuhmei | Kanuhmei |
| Kachin | Chin | Ka'u | U |
| Vangkho | Kho | Siktui | Tui |

Se Thek-ar Ar Lengse Korkei Humpui Fevok vok Lem-ui Ui Phorva Perang Khisa Sakhi Huivom Savom-Kavom Juksel Lim-nga Nga Kaiuk Ngapa Ma-nge Vakhoi Khoiva Somsang Shang Thlomaran Hlei Lamchem Chem-Chempong Langpan Pon Nghaknu Nunghak Sorsam Sam **Phaihmit** Hmit Pheiphung Ke Semro Rosem Chinkhong **Khong** Sekel Ke(goat) Simni Kani Sorthla Thla Si-ar Arsi Lamtlang-Keirih Lamrih Hning-ju Juhning

Thuva Eai Sak

Puiro

Thlasam-ram

The Komrem Recognize their neighbours as below

Ropui Kathiram

Vathu

Meitei Meitlei **Tangkhul** Luhup Thadou Khongsai Rongmei -Marong Anal Kasen Angami Releng Zou/Paite-Akamhao Mizo Lusei Gangte Vangte Hindustan-Wai Kor Bengali Muslim Pangar

Lamdar

Sangthing

Korse

English Tripura -Rengpuiram Sap hei(Mikabang)

Burmese -Alva Karen Lukaren Kachin Lukachin

Zemeind Lengmei-Chimak(Songpuiloi) Burma -Kapo

Maharacha. Maharaja-

> M. Thangminlen Kom Ichum Keirap Village

Dar

Sekor

Thingler

Bibliography:

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